CITY INTELLIGENCE.

For Additional Local Hems see Fifth Page.

FRED, DOUGLASS ON THE SITUATION. In our editions of yesterday we gave the proceedange at the Union League House, up to the time of going to press. After this there were loud calls for Fred. Douglass, which, being renewed. General Walbridge presented him to the meeting as a man whose single exertions had achieved greater results for his race than the exertions of any other man who ever lived. (The andience rose as one man, and greeted Mr. Douglass with

most enthusiastic manifestations.) Mr. Douglass spoke at great length, with much humor and pathos, and occasionally with considerable eloquence, in advocacy of the com-plete and unconditional recognition of the rights of colored men. He had read, he said, the address recently adopted at a convention in this city, and had found many things in it to which he could hear'ily assent, and to nothing in that address could be assent more heartly than to the powerful argument there made against taxation without representation. (Laughter-the audience recognizing the remark as a palpable hit.) It that address had emanated from a colored convention, he thought he should have gone for every word of it. It was only a knowledge of the motives that inspired it, and of the limited construction that was to be given to it, that ied him at all to reject it, or to regard it as an unfortunate State paper. It had been said by Daniel O'Connell twonty years ago that the by Daniel O'Connell twenty years ago that the history of Ireland might be traced, like a wounded man through a crowd, by blood. In-comparably more truly might that statement be made respecting the negro.

For two hundred and lifty years he had been

subjected to all the exterminating forces of slavery—marriage abolished, organization un-known, education denied, the right to learn to read the name of the God who made him denied the family tie broken up; and yet, under all the exterminating forces of slavery, here the negro was to-day, an Uncle Tom in the Church, and a Robert Small in the harbor of Charleston. (Cheers.) Here they are now, between four and five millions strong, and the question came up at once, "Shall the presence of that vast black population be made a blessing to themselves and to the country, or a curse to themselves and to the country?" Statesman-ship had but one answer. Philanthropy had but one answer. It was, the thorough, the complete incorporation of the whole clack element into the American body politic. (Cries of "Good,"

Anything less than that would prove an utter failure. The negroes should have the right to all the boxes, the jury-box, the witness-box, the ballot-box. The men who were outside of these boxes were in rather a bad box. (Laughter.) With the ballot-box, every other box was secured. The black man deserved it. He did not mean to say that without the black man the whites of the Norta could not have put down the Rebellion; but he would say that the blacks had helped to put it down, and that should not be lorgotten. (Cross of "We will not torget it.") We were your friends, said he, during the While others were your enemies, we were your friends. While y ur poor soldiers, escaping from Andersonville, Belle Isle, or Castle Thunder, hated to see the face of a white man, they rejoiced whenever they could catch a gimpse of a black man. (Cheers.) We were eyes to your blind, legs to your lame, shelter to your shelter-less, bread to your hungry prisoners.

Another reason I have for asking this is that you may want us again. (Laughter and queers.) is not well, even for a great nation, to have four and a half millions of a justly discon-tented people. Shall it be said that in making peace America remembered her enemies but lorget her friends—(cries of "Never")—exalted er enemies and cast down her friends-enfranchised her enemies and distranchised her friends? ("No. never!")

A delegate—How about beecher?

Mr. Douglas—Beecher? Oh, God bless my soul! (Laughter.) A gentleman asked me, as I was coming to the hall, how I accounted for Beecher's position. Were you ever asked that question? I have been asked in a thousand times. I have never been able to asswer it times. I have never been able to answer it satisfactorily to myself. I answer it as Beecher himself answered, on one occasion, a very pert and flippant lady who asked him, at ten one evening, "Mr. Beecher, can you tell us in what

condition Paul was when he was litted up to the third heaven?" "I am sure," said Mr. Beecher, "if Paul did not know bimselt, I do not know how I should." (Uproarious laughter.) MEETING AT THE LEAGUE HOUSE .- The

third of the series of meetings organized under the auspices of the Union League was held last evening in front of the League building. A large crowd was in attendance. John P. Verree introduced Governor Brownlow. The Par-son came forward and said:—Gentlemen, I am not physically, able to make a speech, and if I were, I could not consent to do so to-night or on this occasion. I must uphold and maintain tne dignity of the office of Governor of Tenuessee. As such, I cannot go abroad stumping and making political speeches. (Cheers and laughter.) It will do for a man who is accidental President of the United States (cheers), but the Governor of the great State of Tennessee must not do anything of that sort. I have at my back the Hon. A. J. F'etcher, Secretary of the State of Tennessee; he lives in the town of Greenville, where Andy Johnson lived, and is better prepared to dissect him than any man I ever heard of. If he fails, which he never does, I have Judge Butler, also of Greenville, who can tell you something of Mr. Johnson; and after this Convention is over, I propose, with the Tennessee delegates, to go stumping the North, after the President. (Cheers.)
Mr. Fletcher was then introduced. He said

that for the first time in his life he visited the North, and he desired to say that the tried Union men of Tennessee were heart and hand with the great Union party of the North; and he returned thanks to the great army of the North for a deliverance from a tyranny exceedthat ever before witnessed in the world. The Union men of the South are weak, and they look to the North for protection. (Cheers.) He should speak of Tennessee loyalty, and narrate only those things he had seen with his own eyes. The present State Government of Tennessee was organized by Andrew Johnson, Military Gov-ernor under Abraham Lincoln. He says himself he devoted the energies of three years in organizing that State Government. His first and second efforts failed, owing to the fortune of war. His third was successful, and a Legislature was elected. He told us in his speeches and proclamation what to do, and pointed out how the Rebels could be excluded from participation in the Government, and he advocated equal suffrage. His policy was adopted, not because it was his, but because it was right.

The Legislature has followed his directions, and now the negro is equal with the whites in all the State courts. But how does Andrew Johnson look upon that State Government now? A few weeks ago he was considering the policy of appointing a Military Governor to supersede Governor Brownlow, merely because we had done what as Military Governor he recommended. This treachery of the President of the United States exceeded any treachery to Congress or the party that elected him to office. we had passed these laws which he objected to, although he had recommended them, the President telegraphed to General Tuomas to extend no further aid to the Government o Tennessee, and our Government was at the mercy of Rebeis. We have leaned upon the military and the President. These failed us, and we directed our attention to the people of the North, upon God, and Congress. (Cheers.) We had assurances that it we railfied the amendthe Constitution we would be recognized by Congress, and we should be placed beyond the reach of the President of the United

Governor Brownlow called a special meeting of the Legislature, and recommended the ratiocation of the amendment. A number of Representatives had resigned for the purpose of reducing the number of the House below a quorum. We had special elections to fill the Vacancy. And yet we had the President of the United States advising members to absent themselves from the House in order to prevent a Union the House in order to prevent a Union held on the 14th of August last.

quorum! The House was thus reduced below what was considered a quorum. The President had abandoned us, and we felt that the existence of our State Government depended upon the ratification of these amendments. The struggle continued for some time, and I began to think the President had for once gained a victory. But Governor Brownlow was made of sterling stuff, and he recommended an additional sergeant-at-arms to seek the hiding members and bring them to the House, and keep them there until the vote could be taken. (Cheers.) We secured the quorum, and adopted the amendment, and in a few hours our Senators and Representatives were admitted to Congress.

Cheers.)
The speaker discussed the policy of the President as compared with that of Congress, and contended that there would not have been any difference between the two if the Union party had agreed to make him President in 1868. next reviewed the past history of the President. He commenced as a Whig, but in 1837, when the Whigs refused to have anything more to do with him, he turned Democrat. He remained a Democrat, firm, malignant, and bitter, nating every one who was not a Democrat. In 1846 he got mad at Mr. Polk, and he made a speect denouncing the party, and he was about to run as an independent candidate for Congress, but the Whigs elected their candidate, and Mr. Johnson went back to the Democratic party

In 1860 we had four tickets for the Presidency Andrew Johnson canvassed the State of Tennessee, representing that Breckingidge and Land were the true Union men, and at each place h spoke he appealed to his audience to know i any one was mean enough to submit if Lincols and Hamlin were elected. Everywhere h invoked the people not to submit to Lincol and Hamlin. Here was his treachery to the people of the South, and every widow in the South has reason to curse Andrew Johnson, when she remembers that her son took his advice, and recased to submit to Mr. Lincoln.

The speaker reviewed the history of East Cennessee during the Rebellion, and denied tha the loyalty of that section was due to Andre a beinson. The fact was that Andre w Johnson' oyalty resulted from the loyalty of the pepole n that quarter. (Cheers.)

MEETING AT NATIONAL HALL,-There was a large and entousiastic gathering at National Hall list evening. At 8 P. M., the meeting was called to order by W. H. Kern, Esq., who introduced Mr. J. William Pope, of Pittsburg, to the ancience. Mr. Pope sang a satirical song, reflecting on the President, which was received with laughter and applause, and was

encored: General Hawley, Governor of Connecticut, was then introduced, and said he was unprepared to address the meeting. He brought good tidings from Connecticut, where the Union party stood erect. Pennsylvania did not suffer from the backshiding of one of her Senators, neither does Connecticut feel the apostacy of one of hers. The great masses are with us, and firm in the cause of the Union. The women sent their husbands, children, and all they held dear, to the battle-field. Three hundred thousand men have died, and, it need be, three hundred thou-sand more will be found to sacrifice themselves on the altar of freedom. It was not the mere flag that called out all this enthusiasm and devo-tion, but it was because that mag was the symbol

of a great republican Government, We have shown that we can carry on a foreign war, that we can crush a domestic rebellion, and that we have cohesion enough to keep the States together. We had raised two millions of such soldiers as the world never saw before. We had snown that the Union must and shall be preserved, and after the terrible trials of fite and bloodshed we have gone through, the people will not lose their liberties at the ballot-box. We do not desire to subjugate our Southern brethren, but to maintain the rights of man. We have fought for the liberty of all mankind, and were willing to die for that sublime princi-ple. (Cheers.) He had heard that the country was free, but there were places where men were not allowed to speak their minds, and soldiers had their arms wrested from them, and the country is not free until all those rights given to them by the Constitution are fully guaranteed to them. The war has to be renewed at the ballot-box, and a Union victory at the ballotbox will be as a second Cettysburg to the Rebels of the South.

General Burnside, Governor of Rhode Island, was introduced amidst enthusiastic cheering, and the band playing "Hail to the Chief." After the applause had subsided, the General addressed the meeting at length, stating that nine out of ten of the Union soiders were in favor of the action of Congress. Congress had advanced one step, and if we encourage them, they will advance another. The South would never appeal to arms again, as they were too

thoroughly whipped.
Colonel Nelson, of Tennessee, gave a history
of the trials of the loyal men of East Tennessee, and referred in scathing terms to Johnson's career, and to the late Convention held in this city. He made feeling mention of the joy and hope brought by General Burnside to

Tennessee. Major Haggerty, of New York, spoke at length in re-pect to the Irish element in the approaching struggle, and that they would be faithful to

Mayor Lewis, of Memphis, opened his remarks by referring to the sacred duty of paying the public debt. He spoke of the duty our country owes the black men, and in scathing terms adverted to the supporters of the Presi-dent's policy. We should not lorget that ai-though the majority of the opposition are wicked and unscrupulous, there are still some good, conscientions men amongst them. Beecher says the South is constructed, but how can we account for the fearful massacres that have taken place throughout the South. Elect a loyal Con-

gress and all will be made right.

Galusha A. Grow made an address in reference to the present aspect of affairs.

NOMINATIONS BY THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

CONGRESSIONAL. At the Convention held at the County Court House, Sixth and Chesnut streets, among the resolutions offered the following were the most mportant:-

Resolved, That we congratulate the people of this country upon the early expiration of the present Congress, as the majority have, by their corrupt and extravagant legislation, and by their disregard of all accepted rules of society for eited for the respect of all good citizens. Their attempted degradation of the white man by placing him on a level with the negro-their egislation in favor of the most corrupt schemes their enactment of laws bearing lightly upon the rich and oppressively upon the laboring and mechanical classes—and their total disregard of all constitutional restraints, have shown them to be governed by no principle but that of selfishness and a determination to continue their own rule, even at the rum of the country We point with pride and pleasure to the striking contrast exhibited in the course of our Repre sentative, Mr. Randall, who, with a small mino rity, manfully and energetically combated and voted against their iniquitous measures, and exposed them to the merited obloquy of the

Resolved, That we deeply regret that our city officials, influenced by their partisan feelings should have offered an indignity to the Presi cent of the United States and other distinguished tembers of the Government, by retusing to extend to them the hospitalities of the city, and have since made the insult more manifest by offering such civilities to the members of a par

The nominee of this Convention, Samuel J. Randall, for member of Congress from the First District, was warmly endorsed.

Second Congressional District.—The meeting at
No. 828 Wainut street, of which E. C. Mitchell.
Esq., was President, passed the following reso

Hesolved, That the Convention unanimously endorse the nomination of Mr. John Hulme, presented as a candidate for Congress by the Convention of the Union conservative citizens

Third Congressional District.—Charles Buckwalter, Esq., nominated by acclamation.

Fourth Congressional District.—No nomination was made by the Convention for this District, the meeting having adjourned until next Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION OF THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY

CONVENTION. The Convention reassembled at 2 o'clock. The resolutions of the National Union Convention of August 14 were adopted as the platform of the Onvention.
A committee from the National Union City

Convention was announced, with the initiowing communication, which was read;— To the President and Delegates of the Demoeratic County Convention. — Gentlemen: —The National Union City Convention have this day made the following nominations:-For Coroner, Major F. F. Burmeister, M. D. of the Sixteenth Ward.

of the Sixteenth Ward.

Prothonotary of the District Court, John W.

Lynn, of the First Ward.

Respectfulty, S. E. Cohen,

George R. Maguire,

Carretaries

Secretaries. The communication, after some debate, was

aid over.
The following nominations were then made: For Coroner - Dr. F. F. Burmeister, Dr. God-lard, James stewart, Joseph Mountain, Edward d. Lowry, John R. Fenner, and George Kelly. Clerk of Quarter Sessions-Philip H. Lutts and Colonel A. H. Tippen.
Prothonotary of District Court—Lewis F.

Prothonotary of District Court—Lewis F. Mears at d Jonn W. Lyou. Recorder of Deeds—Colonel Peter Lyle and hilic H. Lowry, Jr.
After the nominations were closed a letter was

read from George W. Wunder, withdrawing as a candidate for the District Court Prothontaryhip, and asking his friends to vote for John W Lynn, the nominee of the National Union Con-vention. A letter was also read from Colonel ippen, declining the nomination for Clerk of unrier Sessions. The Convention then proceeded to nominate

candidate for Coroner. On the first ballot the Burmeister, 120; Lowry, 77; Fenner, 13; Kelly, 10; Stewart, 6; Goddard, 6; Mountain, 2. Whole amber of votes police, 234.

Dr. Burmeister having received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, was declared he nominee for Coroner. The Convention then proceeded to ballot for

candidate for Clerk of the Quarter Sessions: Lutte, 160; Sureiner, 56; Leech, 1; Lippen, 1 stock, 1. Whole number of votes polled, 220 Mr. Lutts baving received a majority, was eclared nominated as Clerk of Quarter Sessions, The Convention then proceeded to nominate especial court, with the following result:—Mears, 74: Jynn, 136. Whole number of votes polled, 210 Mr. Lynn, having received a majority of votes

the District Court. The nomination for Recorder of Deeds was ext in order. Colonel Peter M. Lyie was nominated by accommation; after which the Convention adjourned with cheers for the ticket

was declared the nominee for Protnonotary o

DEMOCRATIC JUDICIAL CONVENTION.

This body met yesterday morning in the Quarter Sessions Court Room, and after a temporary organization, with Henry M. Dechert in he chair, adjourned until 2 o'clock. Upon reassembling, Henry M. Pullips was elected per-manent President. After di-posing of the single contested seat, the Convention proceeded to make nominations for President Judge of the Common Pleas. Samuel Hood, John R. Guest, and Thomas Greenbank were placed in nomina tion. Mr. Guest was subsequently withdrawn, whereupon Richardson L. Wright moved that Samuel Hood be declared the nominee by accla-mation. This was agreed to.

For Associate Judges the following gentlemen were commuted:—Thomas Greenbank, W. H. Drayton, James Otterson, William O. Bateman, Charles Sergeant, Thomas J. Diehl, and William I. Martin.

H. BBRUN.
When Mr. Sergeant was placed in nomination, it was stated that he would be acceptable to the Johnson party. On the first ballot the vote stood:—Greenbank, 124; Otterson, 76; Drayton, 52; Bateman, 55; Sergeant, 21; Diehl, 16; Martin, . Necessary to a choice, 88. Mr. Greenbank was declared nominated. On the second ballot the vote stood:—Otter

on, 76; Drayton, 53; Bateman, 23; and Diehl, 1. The third ballot resulted as follows: -Otterson, 87; Drayton, 39; Bateman, 14. Mr. Otterson

After appointing a committee to wait upon the candidates, the Convention adjourned. FURTHUR PROCEEDINGS OF THE DEMOCRATIC CITY

was declared nominated.

CONVENTION. The contested seats having been settled the

Convention proceeded to the nomination for City Commissioner, which resulted as follows: —Elisha Lovett. 7: William D. Cozens, 37; General John F. Ballier, 166.

On motion or Captain Binder, the nomination of General John F. Ballier was declared unanimous.

A committee was appointed by the Chair to invite General Bailier to address the Conven-tion. The Committee reported tout General Ballier could not be found, but Mr. Cozens peared before the Convention, and pledged him self to support General Ballier as City Commismissioner. He said he came there for Mr. Cozens, but he would leave the room a supporter of the General tor the office to which h

The Convention then proceeded to the nomination for Receiver of Taxes, which resulted a follows:--John M. Melloy, 152; John Law-Mr. John M. Molloy was declared the nominee

when, on motion, the nomination was made Mr. Mellov appeared before the Convention and thanked them for the honor conferred upon him by nominating him as the Democratic can-

didate for Receiver of Taxes. Mr. Charles Brooks was then introduced to the Convention, and made a lengthy speech. He congratulated the Convention upon having placed in nomination such unexceptionable citi zens as General Ballier and John M. Melloy. The Convention then adjourned with cheer-tor Andrew Johnson and the Democratic ticket.

WARD NOMINATIONS.

First Ward—Alderman, James Gordon, Sr. School Directors, And. Sterling, James P. Morrison, John Gurney, and Charles Montgomery. Adjourned until this evening. Second Ward—Select Council, Dr. C. E. Ka Common Council, Hugh P. Kennedy Dixon Martin, and John K. Tyson, Assessor, David F. Laws. School Directors, Dr. George W. Nebinger, John Porter, Joan B. Minton, M. Harrington, Captain H. M. Schellinger, Chas-Tiscall, and Jesse Johnson. Third Ward -Met, but in consequence of ;

tie, had not organized at a late hour last Fourth Ward-Common Council, W. H. P. barnes and B. Haines, ecuool Directors, D. Sullivan, Joseph Ralston, and William Dough-

Fifth Ward-Alderman, William W. Donga rty. School Directors, A. G. McGrath, William L. Greble, Michael Tobin, Jacob Reed, and

Michael Hagerty,
Sixth Ward-Select Council, Patrick Duffy,
Common Council, Philip Mitton, School Directors, W. F. Kelley, W. C. McKibben, James
Ryan, and J. Woodruff. Eighth Ward-Met and adjourned until Tues

Ninth Ward-Adjourned without nominating. Eleventh Ward-Select Council, Samuel C. Gug. School Directors, Thomas H. Gill, William Bowen, and Thomas A. Fahy. Consta-bles, John Daley and Adam Trefts.

Twelfth Ward—Common Council, William T. Ladner, Alderman, Peter Hay, School Directors, John F. Belsterling, R. M. Logan, and Peter Abel, Assessor, William J. Byrnes, Thirteenth Ward—Select Council, William Curis, Common Council, Henry Warner, Curtis. Common Council, Henry Warner. Alderman, George Kelley. School Directors, Joseph Brown and S. A. Shinn.

Fourteenth Ward-Adjourned until Thursday

Fitteenth Ward—Adjourned until this evening. Sixteenth Ward—Common Council, George J. Hetzell. Alderman, Captain Andrew Riddle. Seventeenth Ward-Common Council, James Neill. Alderman, James Devlin.

Neill. Alderman, James Devlin.

Nineteenth Ward -Common Council, Samuel Sutton. Aldermen, S. Fields, B. Little, and James Wood. School Directors, William Geiseler and Ed. Buckley.

Twentieth Ward-Aldermen, William Shane and Aquilla Haines. The other nominations were postponed until Tuesday next.

WATCHES, JEWELRY ETC.

FINE GOLD WATCHES.

To Sojourners in our City. We call special attention of the solourners in our city

FINE WATCH AND SILVERWARE ESTABLISHMENT OF

W. W. CASSIDY. No. 12 South SECOND Street, Who has on hand one of the finest assortments or Jeweny, etc., of any in the city. A splendid assortment of SILVERWARE ALWAYS ON HAND. Remember

W. W. CASSIDY. No. 12 South SECOND Street. G. RUSSELL & CO.,

Having increased their facilities for

No. 22 North SIXTH St.,

FINE WATCH REPAIRING.

Invite the attention of the public. All work warranted for one year.



Owing to the decline or Gold, has made a great reduction in price of his large and well assorted stock o Diamonds.

Watches.

Jewelry,

Silverware, Etc. The public are respectfully invited to call and examin our stock before purchasing ensewhere.

> SILVER AND PLATED GOODS OF THE

Most Superior Workmanship, AT THE

NEW STORE No 704 ARCH STREET. The undersigned (late f the famous Rogers Bros

The undersigned (late of the famous Rogers Bross Manufacturing Company) respectfully announce that they have opened a new and beautiful store for the saive of SILV. R and PLATED WARE, at No. 704 ARCE Street. Our long experience as manufacturers with coable us to keep nothing but first-class Goods and those who may patronize our score will find our plated goods an superior to any ever imported, and our customers may rely on the goods being precisely what they are represented to be.

BOWMAN & LEONARD.

HENRY HARPER, No. 520 ARCH STREET Manufactu and Dealer in

Fine Jewelry, Silver-Plated Ware, AND

Solid Silver-Ware, RICH JEWELRY

JOHN BRENNAN,

DEALER IN DIAMONDS, FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY Etc. Etc. Etc.

No. 18 S. EIGHTH STREET, Philada. THE EYE AND EAR.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS.

THROAT, LUNG, AND CHEST DISEASES

CATARRH AND ASTHMA. Disordered Functions of

THE DIGESTIVE ORGANS MORBID AFFECTIONS OF THE LIVER, WEAKNESS OF NERVES, AND GENERAL DEBILITY OF THE WHOLE SYSTEM. Treated with unprecedented success by

DR. VON MOSCHZISKER,

No. 1031 WALNUT Street.

The following GENTLEMEN, who have lately been cured under the treatment of Dr. VON MOSCHZIS-KER, have kindly permitted him to refer to them, and they would guily bear testimony to the amount of BENEFIT derived from his TREATMEN':—

1. B. MCCRESHY, L.Sq., No. 250 Wainut street.
— SECEMAKIR, Esq., No. 255% Wainut street.
ALAN WOOD, Jr., Esq., No. 305Arch street.
C. J. GREEN, Esq., No. 25 North reventh street.
G. J. HOLLOWAY, Esq., No. 505 Market street.
J. COOPER, Esq., No. 3 North Front street.
Dr. DAVIDSON, N. W. corner of Muth and Chesnut streets

General KILBURN U. S. A., Girard street, T. W. SWEENLY, Esq., U. S. Assessor of the Second District.
1. HARY, Esq., President of the Nineteenth Ward Public Schools
Rev. S. G. HARF. Philadelphia Conference
Bundreds of other names, all persons who would be
carefully conscientions to whom they would permit the
inderseinent of their names—an be examined at his
OFFICE, No. 1831 WALNUT Street.

THE ATOMIZER. Dr. VON MOSCRZISKER asserts with the atmost condence trains system of freating LUNG THROAT, CHEST Discuses CATARRIL, ASTHMA and all malacies of the discavive organs, by the use of the ATOMIZER is the only reliable one. Since the introduction of this system cases have been brought of his office. No 1001 W. LS.UT Street in which every other possible means have been traitlessly employed, but readily yielded to his treatment. The ATOMIZER is an All ARATUS constructed on scientific principles, which, by a mechanical arrangement, either by atmospheric pressure or steam, converts any needle ne time a fine CPRAY, and readily conveys it hito the BRONGHIAL TUBERS OF LUNGS, with the RESPIRATORY TURRENT. The medicines submitted to the action of this APPARATUS lose no hing of their they idad. VALUE, as in other preparations, but are received into the RESPIRATORY STRENGTH.

TORY ORGANS in their full MEDICINAL STRENGTH.
SURGICAL OPERATIONS ON THE EYE.
ALL SURGICAL OPERATIONS on the Eyes, such a Cataract. Artificial Pupil, Cross Eyes, etc., skilirul, performed.
7 25rp

UNADULTERATED LIQUORS ONLY
RICHARD PENISTAN'S
STORE AND VAULTS.
No. 459 CHESNUT STREET.
Nearly Opposite the Post On
PHILADELPHIA.

Families supplied Peders, from the Country peneptis
nded to ANDSCAPE DRAWING CARDS, A BEAUto the instruction of juvenile artists. Price, 15 cents a sackage. With the EVENING TELEGRAPH, NEW YORK CLIPPER tc., will be found on sale at the 123 E. W. c. VENTH and CHESNUT Streets. AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND NATIONAL CONCERT

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS'

NATIONAL ORPHANS' HOME FUND.

UNDER AUSPICES OF THE

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C.,

AT GROVER'S THEATRE,

On Thursday Evening, August 2, 1866,

POSTPONED UNTIL

THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 11.

300,000 Tickets will be sold at \$1 each-75,000 Presents Awarded, valued at \$250,000! \$25,000 of the Profits to be given to the Soldiers' and Sallors' National Orphans' Home Fund, \$2500 to the Washington Male and Female Orphan Asylum. The balance, after deducting expenses, to be paid to the Treasurer of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Union. Washington, D. C.

One Present to Every Four Tickets.

TICKETS CAN BE OBTAINED FROM OWENS & CO.,

Military and Naval Law Office, No. 327 CHESNUT Street, Opposite the State House, Phitadelphia, Pa. Also sent to any part of the country promptly by mail.

LIST OF PRESENTS TO BE AWARDED. near F. 10,000 1 Three story brick residence, Tenth street.

1 Spiendie Carriage, Hotses, and Harness complete.

1 Spiendie Diamond king.

1 Set i iamonds complete (Fin. Ear Eings, and Eings.

1 Grand Piano (Steinway).

1 Se lid Sliver Tea Set.

16 Grand Pianos, \$600 each.

10 Gents Gold Watches, \$200 each.

50 Ladies Gold Watches, \$200 each.

50 Ladies Gold Watches, \$200 each.

50 Lamond Pianos Silver Watches.

51 Linning do do \$40 each.

52 Diamond Pis, \$100 each.

53 Diamond Pis, \$100 each.

540 Sewing Machines, \$100 each.

56 Silver-plated Tea Sets \$55 each.

56 Silver-plated Tea Sets \$55 each.

560 Clocks A. bums, Jewelly &c. \$5 to \$10 each.

43,453 Books, Cutlery Engravings, &c., \$1 to \$10

will retain them until after the awards are made, and if their numbers appear in the list, the whill torward their tickets immediately, with ulti directions as to the ship-ping of goods or deeds for the property. Tickets for sale at all the orincipal Hories. Book, and Music Stores in the city and at the Headquarters, in the Manmoth Fair Building for the benefit of the soldiers' and Sallors' National Orphans' Home Fund, corner of seventh street and Pennsylvania avenue, Washington D.C. The Directors appeal to the liberality of the people to give this enterprise their kind support, and thereby assist in relieving the wants of the orphans of our failen comrades.

CARD .- A large number of tickets remaining unsold. it will be necessary to postpone the drawing until THURSDAY, the 11th of October, 1866, at which time it

will positively occur. The many swindling schemes that have been presented to the public during the past sew months, somewhat delayed our sales, until we were able to satisfy
he people throughout the country that this enterprise
was genuine, and solely for charitable purposes. The
Directors are condident of the sale of every ticket, and
have allotted sufficient time to guarantee the sales
without any further postponement
Maj H A. Hall. Pres. Soldiers' and Saliors' Union.
Col. CHASE E. CAPELART.

COL CHAS. E. CAPEBART, MEJ M. H. ALBURGER, WILLIAM S. MORSE, Theasury Department,
OFFICE of Internal Revenue,
Washington, June 26, 1862
Washington, June 26, 1862
Washington, D. C., on the 2d of August next have made application to L. Clephan, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Collection District of the District of Columbia, for permission to hold a lottery, raffle, or gift enterprise, and presented to him satisfactory evidence that the pioceeds of said lottery, raffle, or gift enterprise will be devoted to charitable uses, permission is hereby granted to such "Managing Directors" to hold such lottery, raffle, or gift enterprise free from at the receivements from tax or license, in respect to such lottery, raffle, or gift enterprise.

We refer by termission, to

We refer, by permission, to
as ajor-General Winfield S. Hancock, U. S. A.
General Robert C. Schenck, M. C., Ohio.
General Halbert E. Paine, M. C., Wis.
General John H. Ketcham, M. C., N. Y.
General John H. Ketcham, M. C., N. Y.
General John H. Ketcham, M. C., N. Y.
General J. N. Hendrick, Iowa.
General D. C. Mocaliam, D. C.
General D. C. Mocaliam, D. C.
General O. V. Dayten, N. Y.
Hon, Thomas W. Ferry, M. C., Mich.
Hon George Lawrence, M. C., Fenna
D. C. Forney, Esq., D. C.,
Major J. E. Doughty, N. Y.
Hon, Richard Wallach, Mayor of Washington, D. C.
ii. n. Hanry Wison, U. S.
S. Con Wittam D. Kelley, M. C., West Va.
Hon, Eben C. Ingorsol, S. C. Ill.
Hon, Eben C. Ingorsol, S. C. Ill.
Hon, Eben C. Ingorsol, S. C. Ill.
Hon, Henry C. Demins, M. C., John,
Inon, William A. Newell, M. C., N. J.
Hon George W. Julian M. C. Ind
Hon, J. B. Grinnell, M. C., Iowa.
Hen, E. F. Walson, M. C., Iowa.
Hen, B. F. Walson, M. C., Ohio.
Gen, Hoys M. ", Ohio. We refer, by permission, to 18 16 to6

V ALERS (LATE MILLERS) WINTER GANDEN-Nos 720-726 VINE Street.
GRAND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERTS NIGHTLY.
By two large and edition of orderstras.
TO NIGHT.
And FVERY NIGHT in connexion with our FXCFLSIOR STRING BAND, a Brass Band, comprising the best Artists in the city will perform.

will perform.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON.

Our spacious Summer Gordon, artistically laid out with Shrubbery, Fountains etc.

IN THE LADIES' SALOON.

Especially set spart for PANILIES, the best of Creams and other Refreshments will be served.

6-161

GYMNASIUM

THE PIANOS WHICH WE MANU-TEV 18 facture recommend themselves. We promise to our patrons clear beautiful tones, elegant workman ship, durability, and trasonable prices, combined with a rull guarantee. For sale only at No. 1017 WALNUT Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

who will appear as

ANGELO,
BEL DEMONIO,

Supported by the STRENGTH OF THE NEW COMPANY.
SATURDAY AFTERNION. Sentember 8,
GRAND FAMILY MATINEE.

WALNUT STREET THEATRE.—
N. E. corner of NINTH and WALNUT Streets

MRS. JOHN DREWS NEW ARCH STREET
THEATRE—Begins at quarter to 8 o'clock.
FIRST WEEK OF HE SEALON.
MRS. JOHN DREW
MRS. JOHN DREW

REWELEVENTH STREET OPERA HOUSE, FLEVENTH STREET OPERA HOUSE, THE FAMILY RESURT.

"THE FAMILY RESURT."

OPEN FOR THE SEASON.

CARNCROSS & DINEY'S MINSTRUES, the Great Star Troupe of the World in their GRAND ETHIOFIAN SOURCES, SONGS, DANCES, NEW BURLL SQUES and FLANTATION SCENS.

BOOM J. L. CARNAROSS, MANAGER.

A S.S.E. M. B.L.Y. B.U.I.L.D.I.N.G.

LARGE RALL, TENTH and CHESNUT Streets.

MR. ROBER: H. LLEE'S

SALLE DIABOLIQUE.

FULL BOUSES NIGHTLY.

NEW PROGRAMMS—HAGIC, MUSIC, and FUN.

EXTINGE EVERY SATURDAY.

EVENING. DUS OPEN ATTURDAY.

EVENING. OF ORDER STR.A.

M ANNERCHOR ORCHESTRA.

The active members are h-reby notified that the recu at weekly meetings for practice will be resumed on HURS 1-Y EVENING, Sestember 6 1896, at 8 o'c ock, at the Mannerchor Hall. No 346 DLL: WYN Street, Punctum attendance is requested Amateurs desiring to join are cordially invited to attend, or call upon the undersitated.

william Wolsheffer, Conductor, 821 24 28 3184 6 645) No. 217 VINE Street.

PERSONAL.

N EW BOUNTY BILL - ALL SOLDIERS who enlisted for three years, since April 18, 1861, and served their full term of service, or were discharged before said term or service on account of wounds, and received one bundred dollars bounty and no more, are entitled to receive an additional one hundred dollars. Widows, minor children, or parents of deceased soldlers who enlisted for tore years and died in the service, or from diseases or wounds contracted in the service and line of duty, are entite, to receive an additional one hundred dollars. Call or GEORGE W. FORD.

No. 241 DOCK Street, One door below Third. who has all the necessary forms to collect these claims. DYEING, SCOURING, ETC.

FRENCH STEAM SCOURING

ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 510 RACE Street. We see leave to draw your particular attention to our new French Steam Scouring Establishment the dirst and only one of its kind in this city. We do not dye, but by a chemical process resore Ladies, Gentlemen's, and Children's Carments to their original states without injuring them in the least, while great experience and the beat machinery from France enable us to warrant perfect satisfaction to all who may layor us with their patronage. LaDiES DEESSES of every description, with or without Trimmings, are cleaned and flushed without being taken apart, whether the color is genuine or not. or not.

Opera Cloaks and Mantilias. Curtains. Table Covers, Carpets. Velvet. Ribbons, Kid Gioves, etc., cleaned and regulated in the best manner. Gentlemen's Summer and Winter Clothing cleaned to pericettan without harder to the stuff. Also Flags and Banners. All sinds of stalls a moved without cleaning the whole. All orders are executed under our immediate supervision, and satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. A call and examination of our process is respectfully solicited.

ALBEDYLL & MARX, No 510 RACE Street. THE NEW YORK DYEING AND PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT.
STATEN ISLAND,
No. 40 North EIGHTH Street (West side). No. 40 North EIGHTH Street (West side).

Also known as the
STATEN 1-LAND DYEING ESTABLISHMENT.
Being the LARGEST in the UNITED STATES and
1HIRTY YEARS OLDER than any other on STATEN
1-LAND. Is prepared, with the most improved and
extensive Machinery (to which they are making constant additions) to
DYE, CLEANSF, AND FINISH
every variety of GOODS AND GARMENTS, in a manner UNEQUALLED in this country
No. 40 North EI BTH Street Philadelphia.
No. 38 DU-NE Street, New York.
No. 752 BEOADWAY New York.
No. 195 PIERREPONT Street, Brooklyp.
SAMUEL MARSH, President.

J. T. YOUNG. Secretary. 827 mwr2.n

DENTISTRY.

THE GOVERNMENT HAVING actinistering Nirrous Oxide Gas. by which I have extracted many thousands of Teeth without pain. I am justified in asserting that it is both safer and superior to any other now in use. DR. C. L. MUNNS No. 731 SPRUCE Street. 21 6m

THE AMERICAN BUREAU OF MINES No. 64 BROADWAY.

Mines, Mineral Lands, and Ores examined and report upon. Competent Engineers furnished to Mining Com-Consultations afforded on all Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Questions, at the office of the Buresu,

GEO, D. H. GILLESPIE, President. DRAKE DE KAY, Secretary. 2 10 tuths rp CAPE MAY RAILROAD COMPANY.—
Notice is hereby given, that the present arrangement of the Trains to and from cape May will be CONTINUED, viz:—Leave Phi adelphia at 3 P. M., and Cape Is and at 8 A. M., daily.

J. VAN RENS-ELEAR, Superintenden.
September 3, 1866.

POR SALE—STATE AND COUNTY RIGHTS of Capewell & Co's Patent Wind Guard and Air Heater for Cosi Oil Lamas? It presents the Chimneys from breaking. This we will warrant Also saves enthird the oil Call and see them they cost but ten cents. No. 203 RACE Street, Philadelphia. Bample sent to and part of the United States, on receipt of 27 cents 310

DR. KINKELIN CAN BE CONSULTED confidentially on all recent, local, chronic and constitutions) discovers at his old ortabilishment of the west corner of Third and Union circots. -NICE A MARK WATER